

KPL Protein G Agarose

Item No.

5720-0002 (223-51-01)

DESCRIPTION

KPL Protein G Agarose consists of recombinant protein G, which is produced in *E. coli* and after purification, is covalently immobilized onto 4% cross-linked agarose beads. KPL Protein G agarose is suitable for the isolation of IgG antibodies using column or immunoprecipitation methods. DNA sequencing of native protein G (from Streptococcal group G) has revealed two IgG-binding domains as well as sites for albumin and cell surface binding⁽¹⁻⁶⁾. KPL Protein G has been designed to eliminate the albumin and cell surface binding domains to reduce nonspecific binding while maintaining efficient binding of the Fc region of IgGs. With the removal of these binding domains, Protein G can be used to separate albumin from crude human IgG samples⁽⁷⁾.

Covalently coupled KPL Protein G Agarose has been widely used for the isolation of a wide variety of immunoglobulin molecules from several mammalian species. KPL Protein G has greater affinity for many more mammalian IgGs than Protein A (Table 1).

FORM/STORAGE

KPL Protein G Agarose is supplied in a volume of 15 mL consisting of 10 mL Protein G Agarose in a 20% ethanol/PBS solution. Store at 2-8°C. Stable for a minimum of 1 year from date of receipt when stored at 2-8°C. Non-sterile.

SPECIFICATIONS

Ligand density: ~ 2 mg Protein A/mL gel
 Bead structure: 4% cross-linked agarose
 Bead size range: 45 - 165 µm
 Recommended working pH: 3 - 9
 Binding capacity: >20 mg/mL Human IgG

Note: Different immunoglobulins derived from the same species and from the same subclass can demonstrate deviations in the binding capacity. Protein G may hydrolyze at low pH.

Table 1. Relative Affinity of Immobilized Protein G and Protein A for Various Antibody Species and Subclasses of polyclonal and monoclonal IgG's⁽²⁾.

Species/Subclass	Protein G	Protein A
MONOCLONAL		
Human		
IgG ₁	++++	++++
IgG ₂	++++	++++
IgG ₃	++++	---
IgG ₄	++++	++++
Mouse		
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PROCEDURE

PURIFICATION OF IgG MOLECULES

1. Buffer Preparation

- Wash/Binding Buffer:** KPL Wash/Binding Buffer or prepare 0.1 M Sodium phosphate, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.4.
- Elution Buffer:** KPL Elution Buffer or prepare 0.2 M Glycine, pH 3.0 ±0.15.
- Storage Buffer:** KPL Storage Buffer or prepare 0.01 M NaH₂PO₄, 0.15M NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, pH 7.4, 20% ethanol.

- Sample Preparation:** To insure proper ionic strength and pH are maintained for optimal binding, it is necessary to dilute serum samples, ascites fluid or tissue culture supernatant at least 1/1 with binding buffer. **Alternatively**, the sample may be dialyzed overnight against wash/binding buffer. SeraCare recommends using a 12,000 MW cutoff dialysis tubing with at least 2 buffer exchanges. Remove any particulate matter from the sample by centrifugation or filtration through a 0.8 µm filter.

3. Column and Resin Preparation:

- Pour 20% Ethanol in the bottom of a petri dish or in a flat bottomed container. Float the frit on top of the ethanol. Using the large round end of a 1 mL pipette tip, press the frit firmly into the ethanol to force air out. Repeat this step until the frit is completely wet.
- Push the frit into the barrel of the column until it rests firmly on the bottom.
- With the cap removed, clip the end of the column to create a hole to allow liquid to flow through.
- Wash the frit with 5 column volumes of 1X KPL Wash/Binding Buffer.
- Prepare a 1/1 suspension of resin in 1X Wash/Binding buffer. The required amount of agarose per mg of immunoglobulin being purified can be estimated by the binding capacity.

Recommended Column Volumes:

Antibody Source	Recommended bed volume (mL) per mL sample
Immune Serum	2 mL
Tissue Culture Supernatant (with 10% fetal bovine serum)	0.2 mL
Tissue Culture Supernatant (serum-free)	0.01 mL
Ascites Fluid	2 mL

- Pour slurry into column. Allow column to flow by gravity to pack the column bed.
- Equilibrate the packed affinity resin with 10 column volumes (CV) of the wash/binding buffer (e.g. if the packed bed is 1 mL, equilibrate with 10 mL wash/binding buffer).

4. Sample Purification:

- Gently apply sample to the column by layering onto the top of the resin. Be careful not to disturb the bed surface.
- Wash column with 10 CV of wash/binding buffer, or until the absorbance of eluate at 280 nm approaches the background level.
- Before beginning the elution step, set up enough tubes to collect the entire elution volume as 1 mL fractions (4 CV will be used to elute the antibody). To each collection tube add 240 µL KPL 5X Wash/Binding Buffer. To elute the antibody, gently add 1 mL 1X KPL Elution Buffer to the top of the resin collecting the eluate in a prepared collection tube. Repeat until the entire volume has been collected up to 4 column volumes.

Note: If the eluate is to be collected in a single bulk volume, add 240 µL 5X KPL Wash/Binding Buffer per mL Elution Buffer to the collection vessel before starting the elution. Elution of bound immunoglobulin can be monitored by absorbance at 280 nm, if desired.

- Column Regeneration** Once the sample has been eluted, wash the affinity matrix with 2 CV of elution buffer. Re-equilibrate the column with at least 10 CV of 1X KPL Wash/Binding Buffer. When column is equilibrated, pH of eluate will be the same as that of the KPL Wash/Binding Buffer.

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- 6. Clean-in-Place:** With certain applications, substances which contain denatured proteins or lipids do not elute in the regeneration procedure. The following steps can be taken to clean the column:
- To remove strongly bound hydrophobic proteins, lipoproteins and lipids, wash the column with a non-ionic detergent (e.g. 0.1% Triton X-100) at 37°C, with a contact time of ~1 minute.
 - Immediately re-equilibrate the column with 5 - 10 CV of 1X KPL Wash/Binding Buffer.
 - As an alternative, wash the column with 70% ethanol. Allow the column to stand for 12 hours. Re-equilibrate the column with 5 - 10 CV of 1X KPL Wash/Binding Buffer.
 - To remove precipitated or denatured substances, wash the column with 2 CV of 6M guanidine hydrochloride. Immediately re-equilibrate the column with 5 - 10 CV of 1X KPL Wash/Binding Buffer (see step 5).
- 7. Resin Storage:** Store affinity matrix in storage buffer at 2-8°C. **Do not** store the matrix frozen or at room temperature. The matrix can be stored in the column by sealing the outlets or remove from the column and stored as a slurry.

IMMUNOPRECIPITATION

For immunoprecipitation protocols, see references 3 - 5.

PRODUCT SAFETY AND HANDLING

See SDS (Safety Data Sheet) for this product.

REFERENCES

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RELATED PRODUCTS CAT. NO.

KPL Protein G Agarose Kit	5720-0004 (553-51-00)
KPL Protein A Agarose Kit	5710-0009 (553-50-00)
KPL Protein A Agarose	5710-0005 (223-50-01)

The product listed herein is for research use only and is not intended for use in human or clinical diagnosis.